



# More Precision.

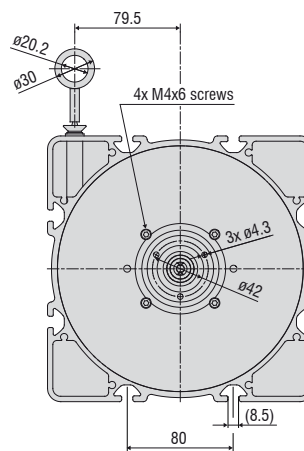
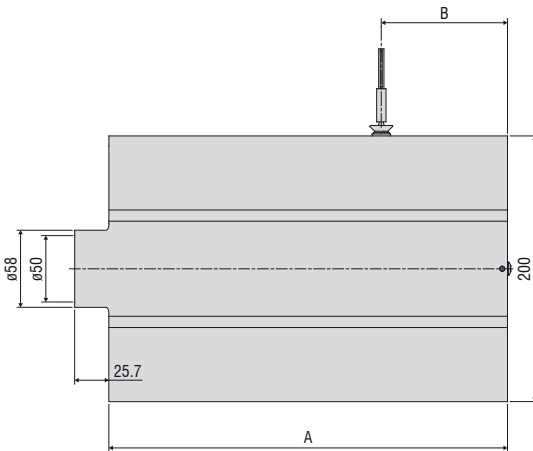
**wireSENSOR** // Draw-wire displacement sensors





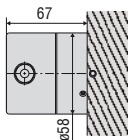
- Robust aluminum profile housing
- Customer-specific designs
- Absolute or incremental encoder

P200 model

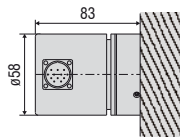


MR (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)
30000	268	75
40000	300	95
50000	333.5	95

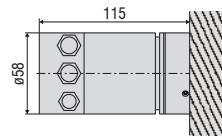
Output P200-HTL/TTL



Output P200-SSI



Output P200-CO/PB/PN



Model	WDS-30000-P200	WDS-40000-P200	WDS-50000-P200	
Measuring range	30000 mm	40000 mm	50000 mm	
Digital interface	PROFINET, Profibus DP, CANopen			
Digital output	HTL, TTL, SSI			
Resolution	HTL, TTL	0.167 mm (6 pulses/mm)		
	SSI, PROFINET, Profibus DP, CANopen	0.061 mm		
Linearity	≤ ±0.01 % FSO	≤ ±3 mm	≤ ±4 mm	≤ ±5 mm
Sensor element	Incremental/absolute encoder			
Wire extension force (max.)	approx. 22 N	approx. 22 N	approx. 24 N	
Wire retraction force (min.)	approx. 12 N	approx. 11 N	approx. 11 N	
Wire acceleration (max.)	approx. 2 g			
Material	Housing	Aluminum		
	Measuring wire	Polyamide-coated stainless steel (ø 0.8 mm)		
Wire mounting	Eyelet (ø 20.2 mm)			
Mounting	Mounting grooves on the sensor housing			
Temperature range	Storage	-20 ... +80 °C		
	Operation	-20 ... +80 °C		
Connection	HTL, TTL	integrated cable, radial, length 1 m		
	SSI	pluggable cable via 12-pin flange connector, radial		
	PROFINET, Profibus DP, CANopen	Bus cover		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)	50 g / 10 ms in 3 axes, 1000 shocks each			
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)	20 g / 20 ... 2000 Hz in 3 axes, 10 cycles each			
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)	IP65 <sup>1)</sup>			
Weight	approx. 10 kg	approx. 11 kg	approx. 12 kg	

FSO = Full Scale Output

Specifications for digital outputs from page 55 onwards.

<sup>1)</sup> Plug connection only with mating plug

## Article designation

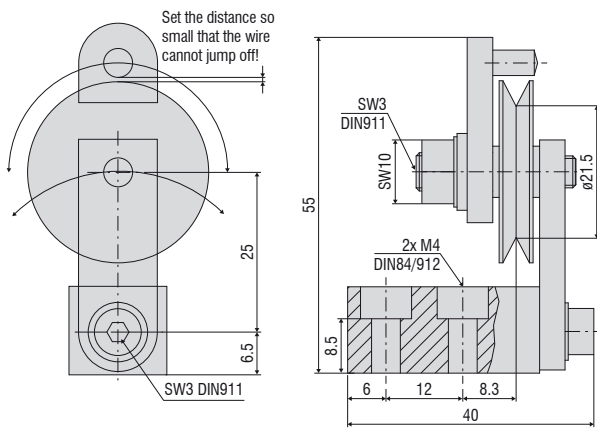
WDS -	30000 -	P200 -	CR -	TTL
				Output: HTL TTL CO: CANopen PB: Profibus DP SSI: Gray Code PN: PROFINET
				Connection: SR (with SSI output): radial plug CR (with HTL, TTL output): integrated cable, radial, 1 m BH (with CO, PB, PN output): bus cover
				P200 series
				Measuring range in mm

### Wire deflection pulleys for external installation

TR1-WDS	Wire deflection pulley, adjustable, for sensors with a wire diameter $\leq 0.45$ mm
TR3-WDS	Wire deflection pulley, fixed, for sensors with a wire diameter $\leq 0.45$ mm
TR4-WDS	Wire deflection pulley, fixed, for sensors with a wire diameter of 0.8 mm to 1 mm

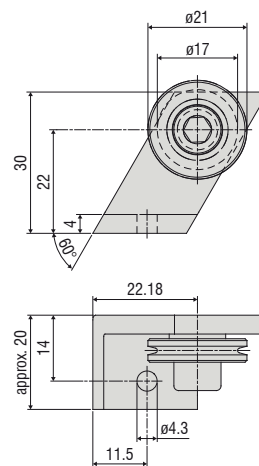
#### TR1-WDS

Wire deflection pulley, adjustable, for sensors with a wire diameter  $\leq 0.45$  mm



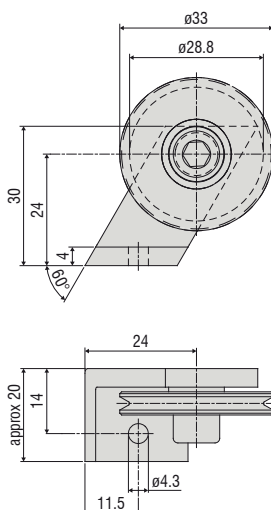
#### TR3-WDS

Wire deflection pulley, fixed, for sensors with a wire diameter  $\leq 0.45$  mm



#### TR4-WDS

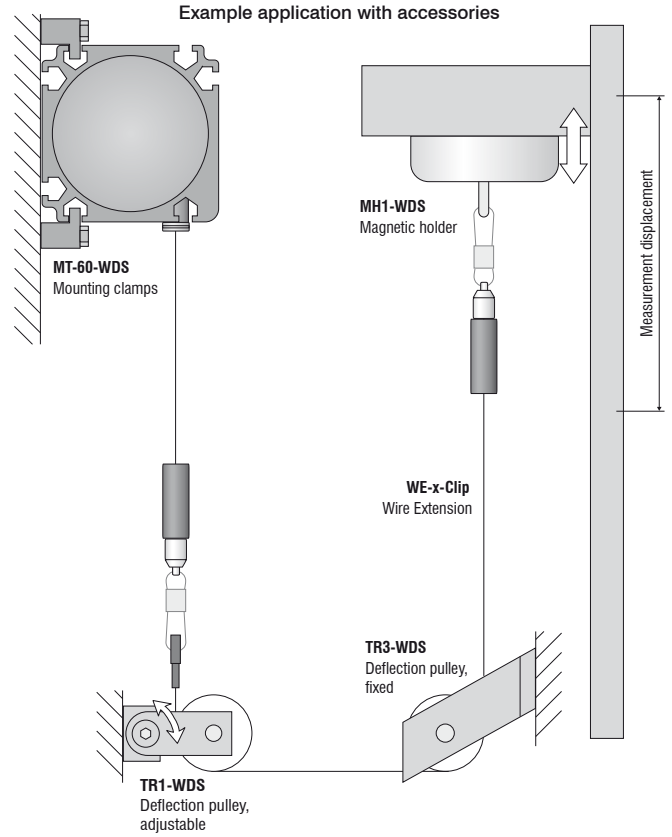
Wire deflection pulley, fixed, for sensors with a wire diameter of 0.8 mm to 1 mm



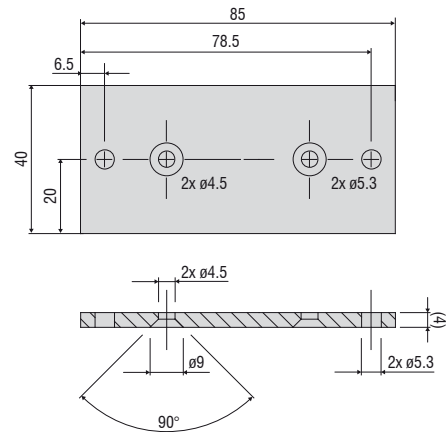
Dimensions in mm, not to scale.

**Accessories**

WE-xxx-M4	Wire extension with M4 wire connection, x=wire length
WE-xxx-Clip	Wire extension with eyelet, x = wire length
WE-xxx-Clip-WSS	Wire extension with clip and uncoated wire d=0.45 mm
WE-xxx-Ring-PW	Wire extension with plastic ring and para-aramid wire, 1 mm
GK1-WDS	Fork head for M4
MH1-WDS	Magnetic holder for wire attachment
MH2-WDS	Magnetic holder for sensor mounting
MT-60-WDS	Mounting clamps for WDS-P60
FC8	Mating plug for WDS straight, 8-pin
FC8/90	Mating plug, 90° angled for WDS
PC3/8-WDS	Sensor cable, 3 m long
PS2020	Power supply unit 24 V / 2.5 A; input 100-240 VAC, output 24 VDC / 2.5 A; mounting onto symmetrical standard rail 35 mm x 7.5 mm, DIN 50022)
WDS-MP60	Mounting plate for P60 models
PC2/10-WDS-A	Cable for SSI encoder, 2 m long
PC2/10-WDS-E	Cable for incremental encoder, 2 m long
PC10/10-WDS-A	Cable for SSI encoder, 10 m long
PC10/10-WDS-E	Cable for incremental encoder, 10 m long



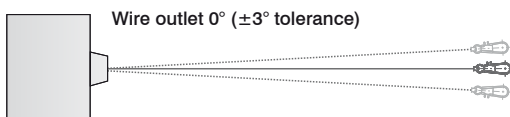
**WDS-MP60**  
Mounting plate for P60 models



**Installation instructions:**

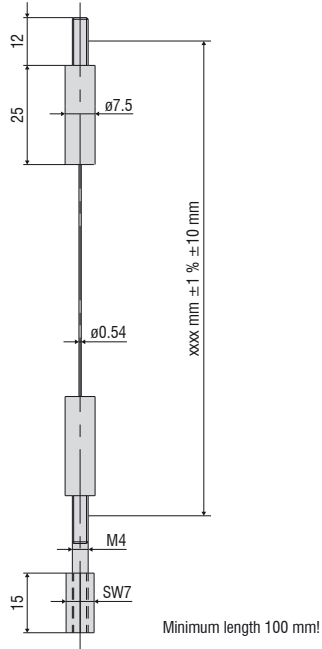
Wire attachment: during installation, do not allow at any time the measuring wire to freely return.

Angle of wire outlet: Make sure during installation that the wire outlet is straight (tolerance of  $\pm 3^\circ$ ). Exceeding this tolerance leads to increased wear of the wire material and on the wire outlet.



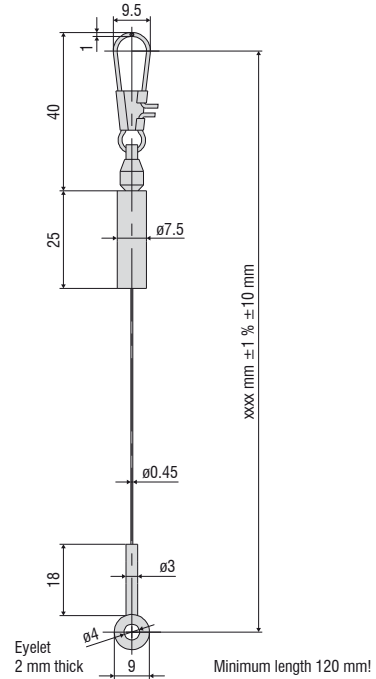
**WE-xxxx-M4**

Wire extension with M4 wire connection, x=wire length



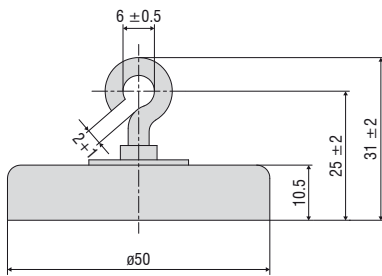
**WE-xxxx-Clip**

Wire extension with eyelet, x = wire length



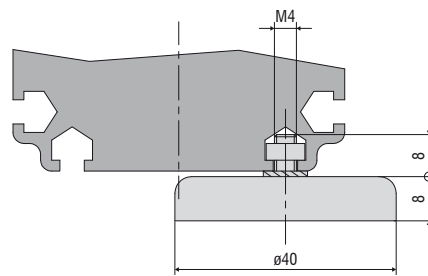
**MH1-WDS**

Magnetic holder for wire attachment



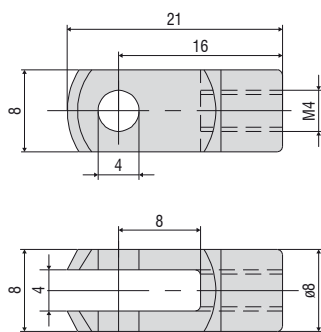
**MH2-WDS**

Magnetic holder for sensor mounting



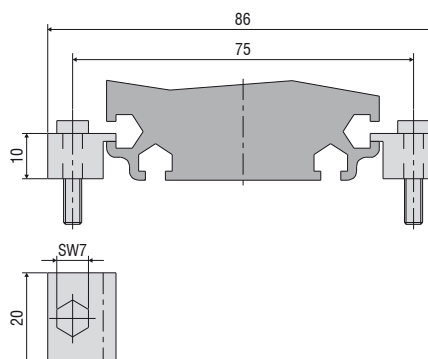
**GK1-WDS**

Fork head for M4



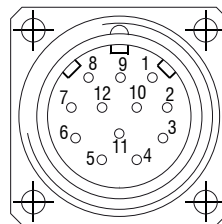
**MT-60-WDS**

Mounting clamps for WDS-P60



Connections	
1 V+	Supply connection of rotary encoder
2 GND	Ground connection of rotary encoder The voltage drawn to GND is V+.
3 Pulses +	Positive SSI clock input. Pulse + forms a current loop with Pulse -. A current of approx. 7 mA in direction of Pulse + input generates a logical 1 in positive logic.
4 data +	Positive, serial data output of the differential line driver. A High level at the output corresponds to logical 1 in positive logic.
5 ZERO	Zero-setting input for setting a zero point at any point within the total resolution. The zeroing process is triggered by a High pulse (pulse duration $\geq 100$ ms) and must take place after the rotating direction selection (F/R). For maximum interference immunity, the input must be connected to GND after zeroing.
6 Data -	Negative, serial data output of the differential line driver. A High level at the output corresponds to logical 0 in positive logic.
7 Pulses -	Negative SSI clock input. Pulse - forms a current loop with Pulse + A current of approx. 7 mA in direction of the clock input generates a logical 0 in positive logic.
8 / 10 DATAVALID DATAVALID MT	Diagnosis outputs DV and DV MT Jumps in data word, e.g., due to defective LED or photo receiver, are displayed via the DV output. In addition, the power supply of the multi-turn sensor unit is monitored and the DV MT output is set when the voltage falls below a specified level. Both outputs are low-active, i.e. are switched through to GND in the event of an error.
9 F/R	Forward/reverse counting direction input. When not connected, this input is on High. F/R High means increasing output data with a clockwise rotating shaft when looking at the flange. F/R Low means increasing values with a counterclockwise rotating shaft when looking at the flange.
11 / 12	Not used

Pin assignment		
Connector	Cable color	Assignment
1	Brown	V+
2	Black	GND
3	Blue	Pulse +
4	Beige	Data +
5	Green	ZERO
6	Yellow	Data -
7	Purple	Pulse -
8	Brown-yellow	DATAVALID
9	Pink	F/R
10	Black-yellow	DATAVALID MT
11	-	-
12	-	-



Use twisted-pair cables as extension cables.

Inputs	
Control signals F/R and zero	
High level	$> 0.7 V+$
Low level	$< 0.3 V+$
Circuitry	F/R input with 10 kOhm against V+, Zero-setting input with 10 kOhm against GND.
SSI clock	
Optocoupler inputs for galvanic isolation	

Outputs		
SSI data	RS485 driver	
Diagnosis outputs		
Push-pull outputs, short circuit proof		
High level	$> V+ - 3.5 V$	(with I = -20 mA)
Low level	$\leq 0.5 V$	(with I = 20 mA)

**CANopen features**

Bus protocol	CANopen
Device profile	CANopen - CiA DSP 406, V 3.0
CANopen features	Device class 2, CAN 2.0B
Operating modes (with SDO progr.)	<p>Polling mode (asynch, via SDO)</p> <p>Cyclic mode (asynch-cyclic). The encoder cyclically transmits the current actual process value without a request by a master. The cycle time can be parameterized for values between 1 and 65,535 ms.</p> <p>Synch mode (synch-cyclic). The encoder transmits the current actual process value after receiving a synch telegram sent by a master.</p> <p>The synch counter in the encoder can be parameterized such that the position value is transmitted only after a defined number of synch telegrams.</p> <p>Acyclic mode (synch-acyclic)</p>
Preset value	With the "Preset" parameter the encoder can be set to a desired actual process value that corresponds to the defined axis position of the system. The offset value between the encoder zero point and the mechanical zero point of the system is saved in the encoder.
Rotary direction	With the operating parameter the rotary direction in which the output code is to increase or decrease can be parameterized.
Scaling	The steps per rotation and the total revolution can be parameterized.
Diagnosis	The encoder supports the following error messages: - Position and parameter errors - Lithium cell voltage at lower limit value (multi-turn)
Default setting	50 kbit/s, node number 1

**Setting the CANopen baud rate**

Baud rate	DIP switch setting		
	1	2	3
10 kBit/s	OFF	OFF	OFF
20 kBit/s	OFF	OFF	ON
50 kBit/s	OFF	ON	OFF
125 kBit/s	OFF	ON	ON
250 kBit/s	ON	OFF	OFF
500 kBit/s	ON	OFF	ON
800 kBit/s	ON	ON	OFF
1 MBit/s	ON	ON	ON

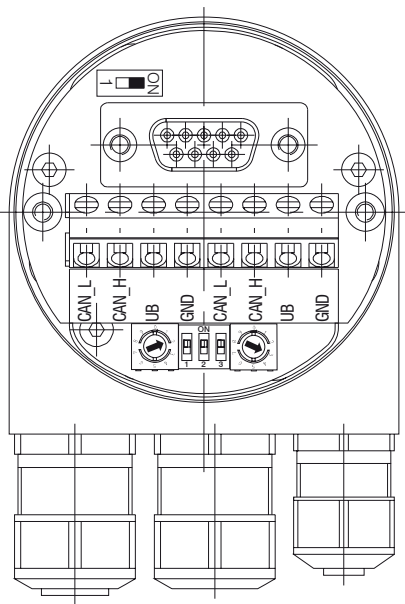
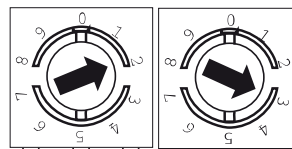
**Description of the CANopen connections**

CAN_L	CAN bus signal (dominant Low)
CAN_H	CAN bus signal (dominant High)
V+	Supply voltage 10 ... 30 VDC
GND	Ground connection for V+

(Terminals with the same designation are internally interconnected)

**Settings of the CANopen participant address**

Address can be set with rotary switch. Example: Participant address 23



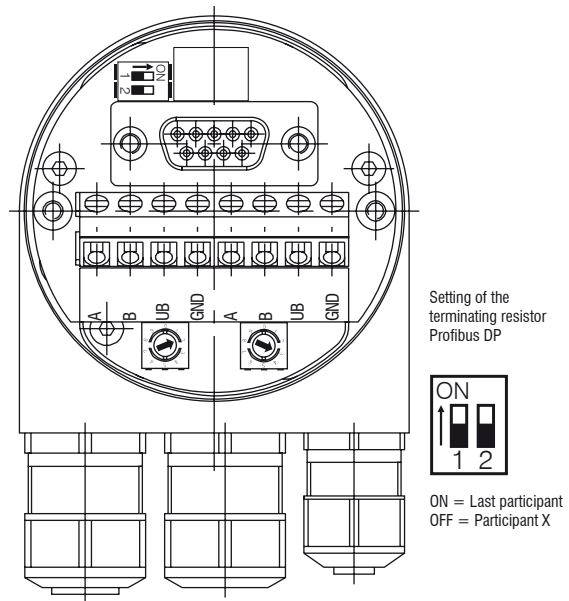
Setting of the terminating resistor CANopen



ON = Last participant  
 OFF = Participant X

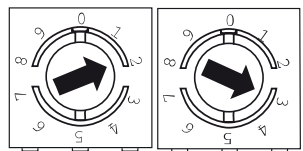


Profibus DP features	
Bus protocol	Profibus DP
Profibus features	Device class 1 and 2
Data exchange features	Input: Position value Additional configurable speed signal (output of the current rotary speed) Output: Preset value
Preset value	With the "Preset" parameter the encoder can be set to a desired actual value that corresponds to the defined axis position of the system.
Parameter functions	Rotary direction: With the operating parameter the rotary direction for which the output code is to increase or decrease can be parameterized. Scaling: The steps per rotation and the total revolution can be parameterized.
Diagnosis	The encoder supports the following error messages: - Position error - Lithium cell voltage at lower limit value (multi-turn)
Default setting	Participant address 00



**Settings of the Profibus participant address**

Address can be set with rotary switch. Example: Participant address 23

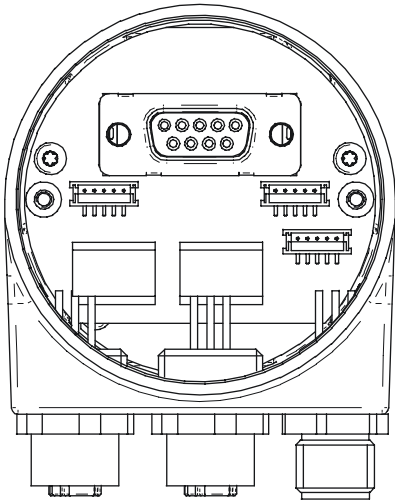


**Profibus DP connections**

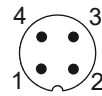
- A Negative serial data line
  - B Positive serial data line
  - V+ supply voltage 10 ... 30 VDC
  - GND ground connection for V+
- (Terminals with the same designation are internally interconnected)

**PROFINET features**

Bus protocol	PROFINET
Device profile	Encoder profile PNO 3.162 Version 4.1
Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 100 Mbaud Fast Ethernet</li> <li>- Automatic address assignment</li> <li>- Real-time (RT) Class 1, IRT Class 2, IRT Class 3</li> </ul>
Process data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Position value 32-Bit input data with/without rotational speed 16/32 Bit</li> <li>- Telegram 81-83 of the Profidrive profile</li> </ul>

**Pin assignment**

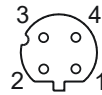
Supply voltage		
Connector	Connection	Description
Pin 1	V+	Supply voltage
Pin 2	N.C.	Not assigned
Pin 3	GND	Ground connection
Pin 4	N.C.	Not assigned



1x M12 connector (pin), A-coded

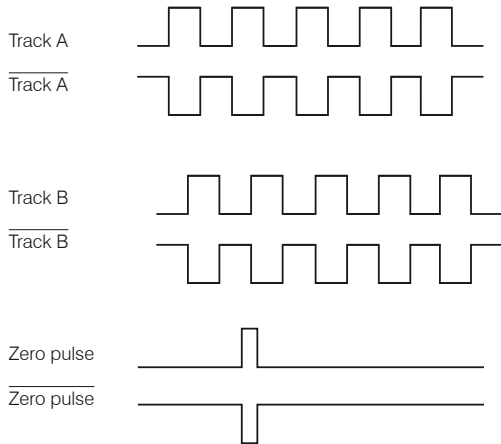
**PROFINET (data line)**

Connector	Connection	Description
Pin 1	TxD+	Transmitted data+
Pin 2	RxD+	Received data+
Pin 3	TxD-	Transmitted data-
Pin 4	RxD-	Received data-



1x M12 connector (pin), A-coded

**Output signals**



TTL Output	Line driver (5 VDC)	
High level	$\geq 2.5\text{ V}$	(with $I = -20\text{ mA}$ )
Low level	$\leq 0.5\text{ V}$	(with $I = 20\text{ mA}$ )
Load High	$\leq 20\text{ mA}$	
Tracks	A, $\bar{A}$ , B, $\bar{B}$ , 0	

Output TTL01/ TTL02	NPN (5 VDC $\pm 5\%$ )	
High level	$> 4.5\text{ V}$	
Low level	$< 1.0\text{ V}$	
Load High	$\leq 3\text{ mA}$	
Tracks (TTL01)	A, B, 0	
Tracks (TTL02)	A, $\bar{A}$ , B, $\bar{B}$ , 0	

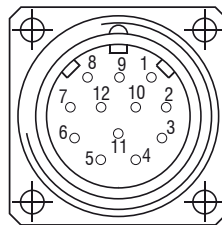
Output HTL	Push-pull (10 ... 30 VDC)	
High level	$\geq V+ - 3\text{ V}$	(with $I = -20\text{ mA}$ )
Low level	$\leq 1.5\text{ V}$	(with $I = 20\text{ mA}$ )
Load High	$\leq 40\text{ mA}$	
Tracks	A, $\bar{A}$ , B, $\bar{B}$ , 0	

Output E	Push-pull (5 VDC)	
High level	$\geq V+ - 2.5\text{ V}$	
Low level	$\leq 0.5\text{ V}$	
Load High	$\leq 50\text{ mA}$	
Tracks	A, B, 0	

Output E830	Push-pull (8 ... 30 VDC)	
High level	$\geq V+ - 3\text{ V}$	
Low level	$\leq 2.5\text{ V}$	
Load High	$\leq 50\text{ mA}$	
Tracks	A, B, 0	

**Pin assignment TTL, HTL**

Connector	Cable color	Assignment
Pin 1	Pink	Track B inv.
Pin 2	Blue	V+ Sense
Pin 3	Red	Track N (zero pulse)
Pin 4	Black	Track N inv. (zero pulse inv.)
Pin 5	Brown	Track A
Pin 6	Green	Track inv.
Pin 7	-	-
Pin 8	Gray	Track B
Pin 9	-	-
Pin 10	White-green	GND
Pin 11	White	GND Sense
Pin 12	Brown-green	V+



V+ Sense and GND Sense are directly connected to V+ or GND. Recommendation: Use twisted-pair cables (e.g. A/A inv.) from a cable length of 10 m.

**Pin assignment E, E830**

Cable color	Assignment
White	0V
Brown	V+
Green	A
-	$\bar{A}$
Yellow	B
-	$\bar{B}$
Gray	0

**Pin assignment TTL01**

Cable color	Assignment
Brown	0V
Gray	V+
White	A
Green	B
Yellow	0

**Pin assignment TTL02**

Cable color	Assignment
Red	V+
Black	0V
Brown	A
Black	$\bar{A}$
Orange	B
Black	$\bar{B}$
Yellow	0
Black	n. c.

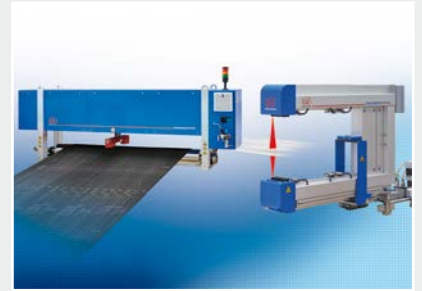
## Sensors and Systems from Micro-Epsilon



Sensors and systems for displacement, distance and position



Sensors and measurement devices for non-contact temperature measurement



Measuring and inspection systems for metal strips, plastics and rubber



Optical micrometers and fiber optics, measuring and test amplifiers



Color recognition sensors, LED analyzers and inline color spectrometers



3D measurement technology for dimensional testing and surface inspection