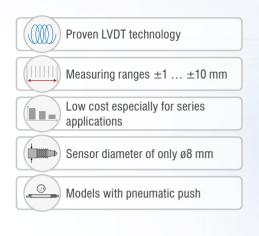


# More Precision

### induSENSOR // Linear inductive displacement sensors



### Gauge with external controller for series applications induSENSOR DTA (LVDT)





LVDT gauge sensors DTA-xG8 are primarily used for the precise measurement and inspection of workpiece geometry (e.g. length, width, diameter, thickness, depth, height). Therefore, different measuring ranges from  $\pm 1$  mm to  $\pm 10$  mm are available. The gauges are particularly suitable for applications involving a large number of pieces.

These gauges have an axial cable outlet and are equipped with either a plain bearing-guided plunger and a return spring, or with a pneumatic push rod. Depending on the measuring object, different probe tips are available.



Plunger with spring

### Article designation

АТ	-5	-G8	-3	-CA	-V	
					Gauge op	tions: V: Pneumatic feed
				Connectio	n (axial): CA	Integrated cable (3 m)
			Linea	arity: 3 (±0.3	8 %)	
		Func	tion: ga	auge		
	Mea	suring ra	ange ir	ı mm		
Exci	tation A	AC				
rinciple:	Differe	ntial Tra	nsform	er (LVDT)		

DTA gauges can be operated with every MSC controller. Depending on this controller, single-/dual-/multi-channel measurements are possible. In addition to the well-established analog output, modern fieldbuses are available for integration purposes.



Based on modern interfaces and multi-channel capability, the MSC controllers open up new fields of application.



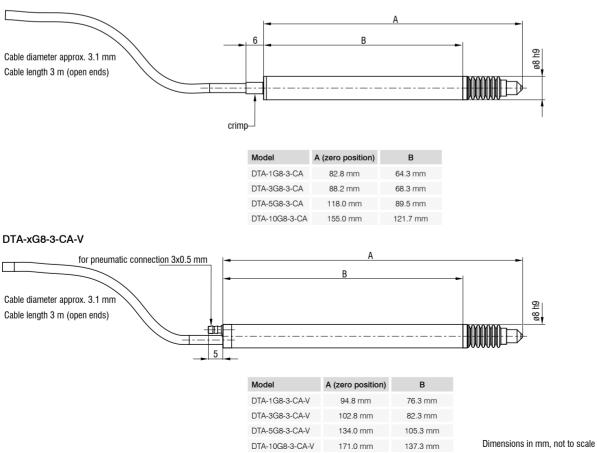
Model		DTA-1G8	DTA-3G8	DTA-5G8	DTA-10G8	DTA-1G8-V	DTA-3G8-V	DTA-5G8-V	DTA-10G8-V	
Measuring range		±1 mm	± 3 mm	±5 mm	±10 mm	±1 mm	±3 mm	±5 mm	±10 mm	
Linearity [1]		$\leq \pm 6\mu m$	$\leq \pm$ 18 $\mu$ m	$\leq \pm 30\mu{ m m}$	$\leq \pm 60\mu{ m m}$	$\leq \pm 6\mu m$	$\leq \pm 18 \mu { m m}$	$\leq \pm 30\mu { m m}$	$\leq \pm 60  \mu \mathrm{m}$	
		$\leq \pm 0.3$ % FSO								
Repeatability [2]		≤0.15 µm	$\leq 0.45\mu \mathrm{m}$	$\leq 0.75\mu m$	$\leq 1.5 \mu \mathrm{m}$	$\leq 0.15 \mu \mathrm{m}$	$\leq$ 0.45 $\mu$ m	$\leq 0.75\mu m$	$\leq 1.5 \mu \mathrm{m}$	
Temperature stability		$\leq$ 250 ppm FSO/K								
Sensitivity		133 mV / mm/V	85 mV / mm/V	53 mV / mm/V	44 mV / mm/V	133 mV / mm/V	85 mV / mm/V	53 mV / mm/V	44 mV / mm/V	
Excitation frequency		5 KHz	5 KHz	5 KHz	2 KHz	5 KHz	5 KHz	5 KHz	2 KHz	
Excitation voltage		550 mV								
Connection		integrated cable 3 m with open ends; axial cable outlet; drag chain suitable; cable diameter 3.1 mm; min. bending radii: fixed installation 25 mm, moving 38 mm, drag chain 47 mm								
-	Storage	-40 +80 °C								
Temperature range	Operation	-20 +80 °C (without bellows); 0 +80 °C (with bellows)								
Pressure resistance		Atmospheric pressure								
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		40 g / 6 ms in 3 axes, 1000 shocks each								
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		$\pm 1.5$ mm / 10 … 58 Hz in 2 axes, 10 cycles each $\pm$ 20 g / 58 … 500 Hz in 2 axes, 10 cycles each								
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP65 (with bellows); IP54 (without bellows)								
Material		Stainless steel (housing); FPM (bellows); PUR (cable sheath); PVC/PP (cable braids)								
Weight		approx. 70 g	approx. 70 g	approx. 75 g	approx. 85 g	approx. 70 g	approx. 70 g	approx. 80 g	approx. 85 g	
Typ. spring forces [3]	SMR	1.3 N	0.8 N	1.0 N	0.7 N	depending on air pressure				
	MMR	1.55 N	1.5 N	1.9 N	1.9 N					
	EMR	2.0 N	2.5 N	3.0 N	3.5 N					
Compatibility		MSC7401, MSC7802, MSC7602								
Typ. service life					5 millior	n cycles				

<sup>[1]</sup> Independent linearity

<sup>[2]</sup> 200 repetitions; each repetition averaged over 100 values

<sup>[3]</sup> Removing the bellows changes the spring forces

#### DTA-xG8-3-CA



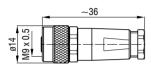
### Mounting options and accessories induSENSOR DTA (LVDT)

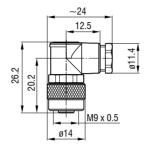
### Sensor cables

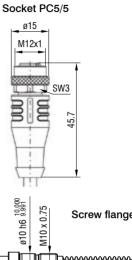
C701-3	Sensor cable, 3 m, with cable connector and tin-plated free ends
C701-6	Sensor cable, 6 m, with cable connector and tin-plated free ends
C701/90-3	Sensor cable, 3 m, with $90^{\circ}$ cable connector and tin-plated free ends
IF7001	Single-channel USB/RS485 converter for MSC7xxx
PC5/5-IWT	Power supply and output cable, 5 m, M12x1, 5-pin.

#### Cable connector C701

### Angle socket C701/90

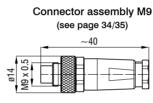


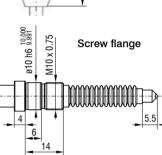




### Service:

2981016	Connector assembly M9 and cable reduction
	XXXX mm - DTA-x
2980017	Connector assembly M9 - DTA-x
2981024	Assembly of screw flange - DTA-xG8





### Probe tips

Type 2 probe tip / hard metal Type 2 probe tip / plastics Type 2 probe tip / ruby Type 2 probe tip / steel Type 10 probe tip / steel Type 11 probe tip / steel Type 13 probe tip / steel

### Sensor Mounting

0487087 MBS12/8 Mounting block 0487049 MBS12/8 adapter ring 2966054 Clamping flange for DTA-xi

### Standard probe tip: type 2





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G

M2.5

. ø4 8

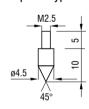
### Option: type 11

ø10



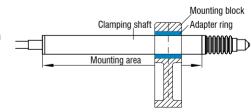
10

### Option: type 13

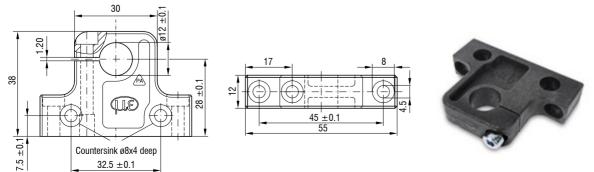


### Sensor mounting for circumferential clamping ø12 mm For reduction to ø8 mm

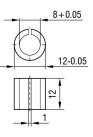
2966054 Clamping flange for DTA-xG8 For clamping in a defined hole



### Mounting block MBS12/8

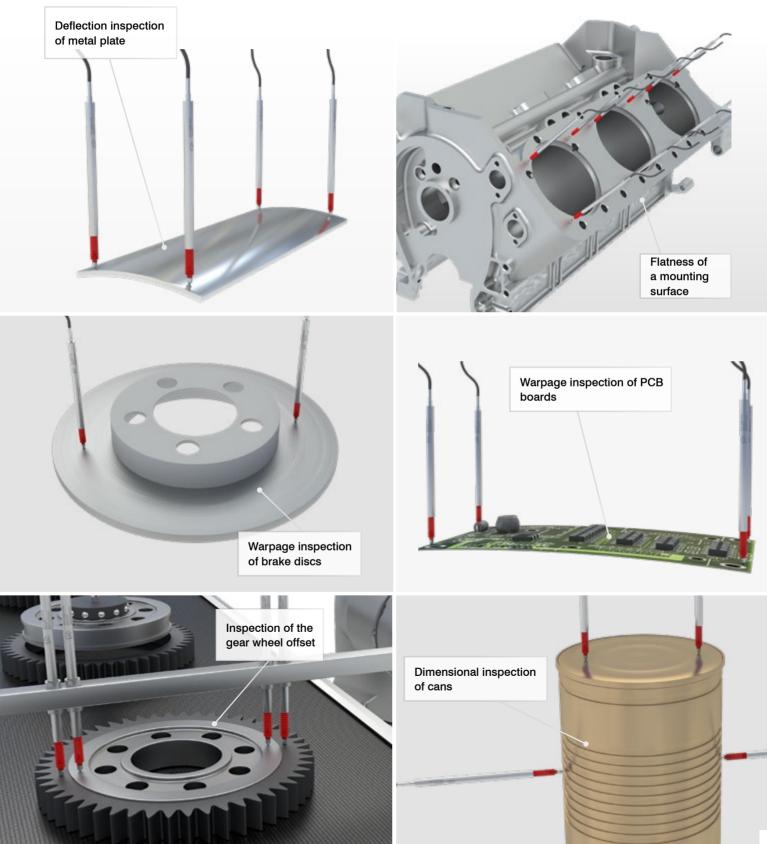






## Applications induSENSOR DTA (LVDT)

Gauges from Micro-Epsilon have many possible fields of application. Due to different measuring ranges and configuration settings, the gauges are suitable for numerous measurement and inspection tasks. Combined with multi-channel controllers, the DTA gauges are often used for dimensional measurement and inspection tasks, e.g., in automated quality control, R&D and production monitoring.



### Accessories and connection possibilities induSENSOR MSC

### Accessories for MSC7401 / MSC7602 / MSC7802

### **Connection cables**

PC7400-6/4Supply and output cable, 6 mPC5/5-IWTSupply and output cable, 5 m (only MSC7401 / MSC7802)IF7001Single-channel USB/RS485 converter for MSC7xxxMSC7602 connector kit



MSC7602 connector kit

### Service

Connection, adjustment and calibration including manufacturer certificate

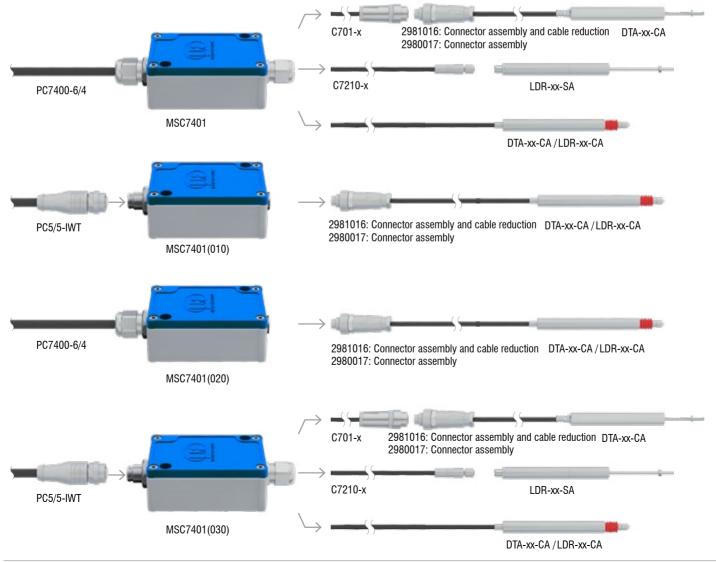
### Interface modules

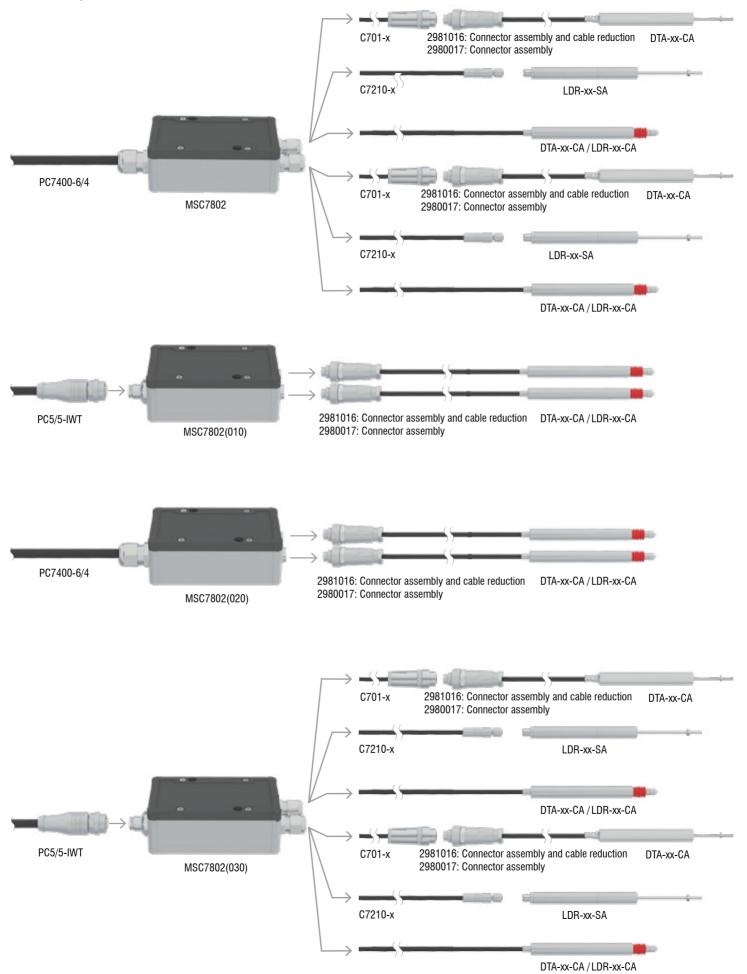
IF2035-EIP	DIN rail interface module for Ethernet/IP (multi-channel)
IF2035-PROFINET	DIN rail interface module for PROFINET (multi-channel)
IF2035-EtherCAT	DIN rail interface module for EtherCAT (multi-channel)
IF1032/ETH	Interface module for Ethernet/EtherCAT (single channel) (only MSC7401 / MSC7802)

### Power supply units

PS2401/100-240/24V/1A Universal power supply unit with open ends

### Connection options MSC7401



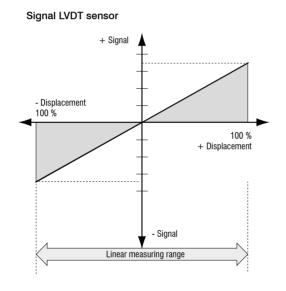


### Technology and measuring principle induSENSOR

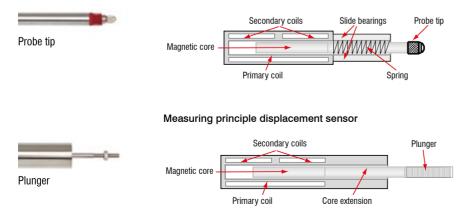
### LVDT Gauges and LVDT displacement sensors (DTA series)

LVDT displacement sensors and gauges (Linear Variable Differential Transformer) are constructed with a primary and two secondary coils, which are arranged symmetrically to the primary winding. As a measuring object, a rod shaped soft-magnetic core can be moved within the differential transformer. An electronic oscillator supplies the primary coil with an alternating current of constant frequency. The excitation is an alternating voltage with an amplitude of a few volts and a frequency between 1 and 10 kHz.

Depending on the core position, alternating voltages are induced in the two secondary windings. If the core is located in its "zero position", the coupling of the primary to both secondary coils is equally large. Movement of the core within the magnetic field of the coil causes a higher voltage in one secondary coil and a lower voltage in the second coil. The difference between the two secondary voltages is proportional to the core displacement. Due to the differential design of the sensor, the LVDT series has an output signal which is very stable.



#### Measuring principle gauging sensor

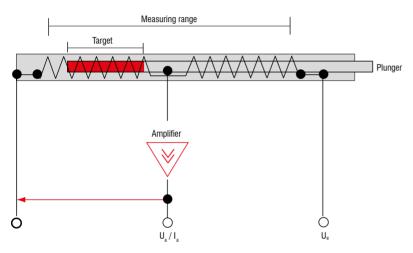


#### LDR Displacement sensors

The inductive sensors in the LDR series are constructed as half-bridge systems with center tap. An unguided plunger moves in the interior of the sensor coil, which consists of symmetrically constructed winding compartments. The plunger is joined to the moving measuring object via a thread.

Due to the movement of the plunger within the coil, an electrical signal is produced which is proportional to the displacement covered. The specific sensor configuration facilitates a short, compact design with a small diameter. Three connections are required as an interface to the sensor.

#### Block diagram LDR series



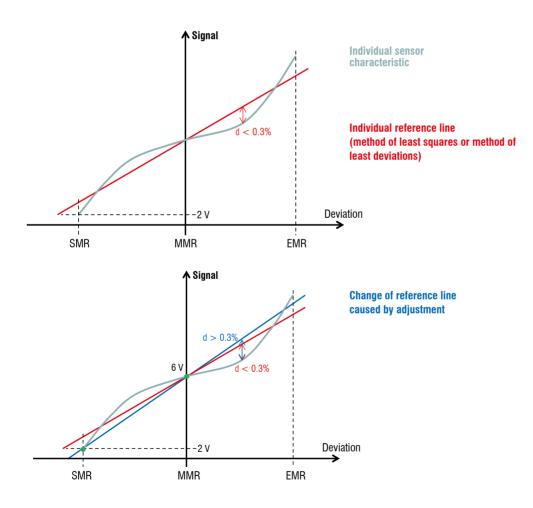
### Technology and measuring principle induSENSOR

#### Independent and absolute linearity of LVDT sensors

Please consider that with LVDT sensors, two kinds of linearity must be distinguished:

With the independent linearity, an individual linearity characteristic is determined for the recorded sensor signal of each sensor. It describes the deviation of the recorded sensor signal from the individually calculated reference line (red, see figure). The maximum deviation (d) must not exceed the values specified in the datasheet.

With the absolute linearity, a new straight line is laid through two fixed points during the adjustment which may cause the gradient of the reference line to change. Therefore, the recorded values of the sensor signal may deviate more from the new line (blue) than is the case with the independent linearity (see figure), and also exceed the values specified in the datasheet.



### Sensors and Systems from Micro-Epsilon



Sensors and systems for displacement, distance and position



Optical micrometers and fiber optics, measuring and test amplifiers



Sensors and measurement devices for non-contact temperature measurement



Color recognition sensors, LED analyzers and inline color spectrometers



Measuring and inspection systems for metal strips, plastics and rubber



3D measurement technology for dimensional testing and surface inspection



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